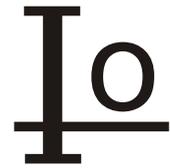


S5A THRU S5M



5.0 AMP SURFACE MOUNT SILICON RECTIFIERS

FEATURES

- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability
- * High reliability
- * High surge current capability

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208 guranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 0.215 grams
- * Lead Free Finish/RoHS Compliant

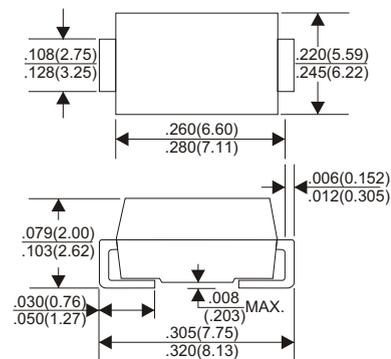
VOLTAGE RANGE

50 to 1000 Volts

CURRENT

5.0 Ampere

DO-214AB(SMC)



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unieess otherwies specified.
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

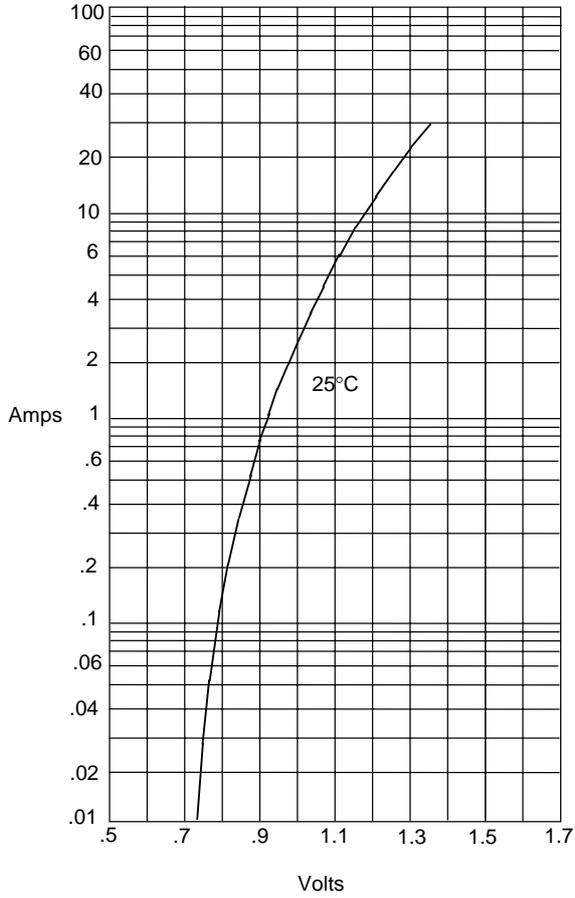
TYPE NUMBER	S5A	S5B	S5D	S5G	S5J	S5K	S5M	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current	5.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	200							A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 5.0A	1.1							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta=25°C	5.0							μA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage Ta=100°C	50							μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1)	40							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance R JA (Note 2)	30							°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range Tj, TSTG	-65 — +150							°C

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient .375" (9.5mm) lead length.

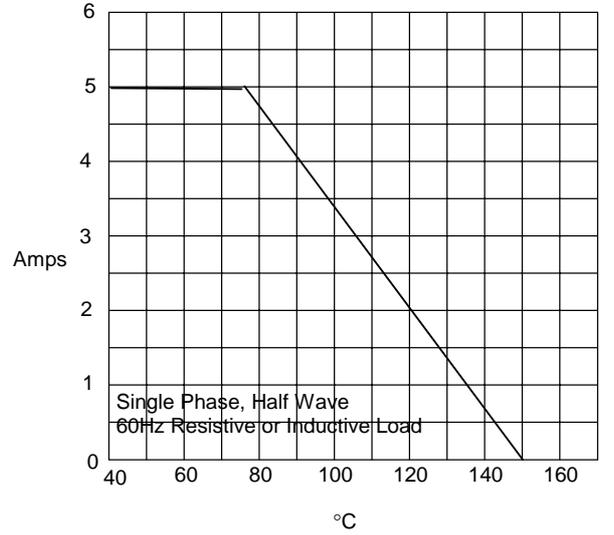
RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (S5A THRU S5M)

Figure 1
Typical Forward Characteristics



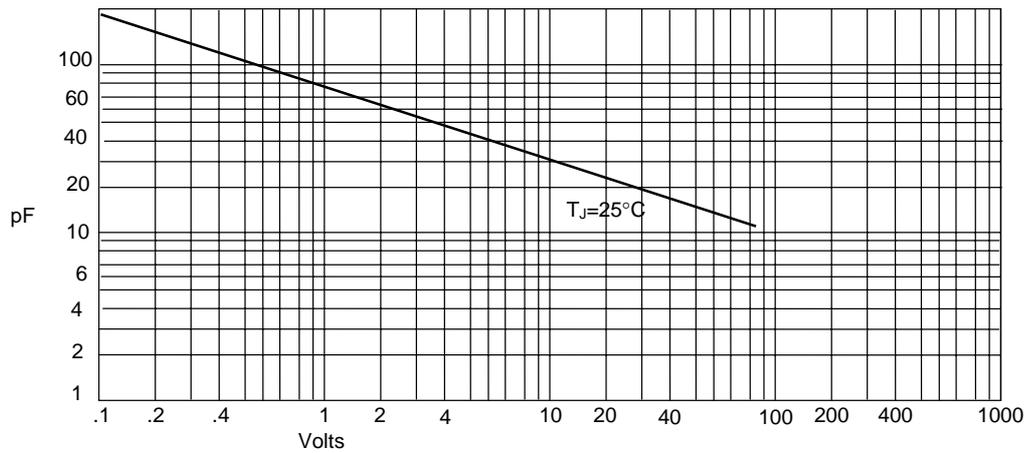
Instantaneous Forward Current - Amperes *versus*
Instantaneous Forward Voltage - Volts

Figure 2
Forward Derating Curve



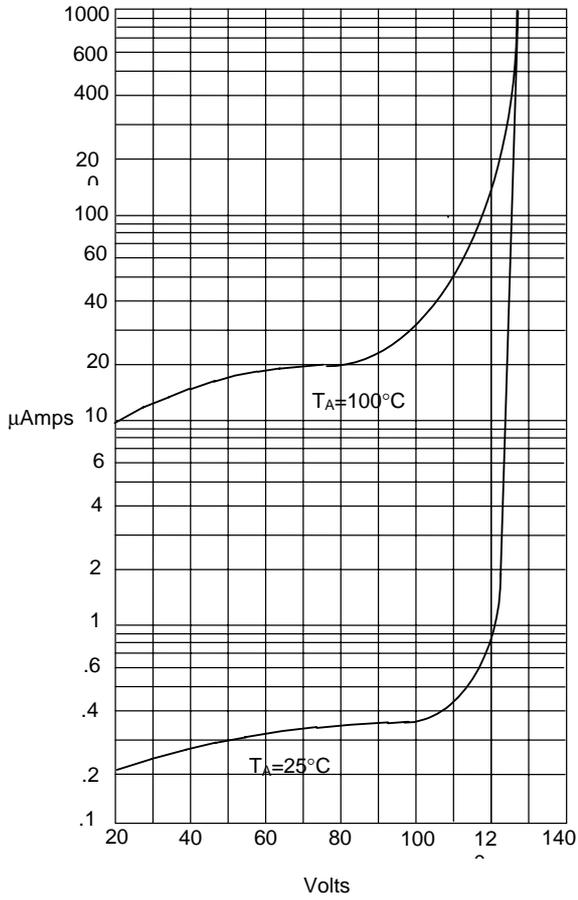
Single Phase, Half Wave
60Hz Resistive or Inductive Load
Average Forward Rectified Current - Amperes *versus*
Ambient Temperature - °C

Figure 3
Junction Capacitance



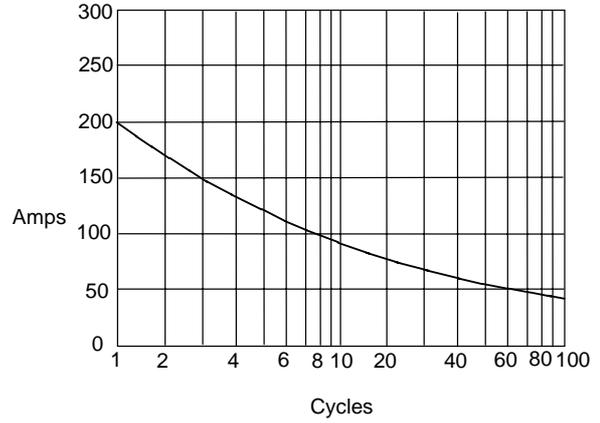
Junction Capacitance - pF *versus*
Reverse Voltage - Volts

Typical Reverse Characteristics



Instantaneous Reverse Leakage Current - MicroAmperes versus Percent Of Rated Peak Reverse Voltage - Volts

Figure 5
Peak Forward Surge Current



Peak Forward Surge Current - Amperes versus Number Of Cycles At 60Hz - Cycles